

Introduction

Entry into a confined space can expose the entrant to hazards that include:

PHYSICAL

Englufment
Entrapment
Electrocution
Falls
Heat stress/burns



ATMOSPHERIC

Toxic gases/vapors
Oxygen deficiency
Oxygen enrichment

Introduction

Hazards specific to a confined space are dictated by:

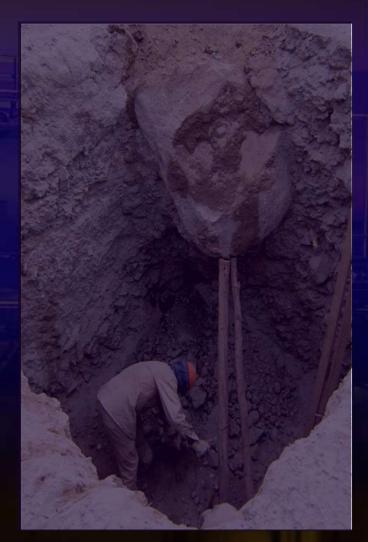
- 1) The material stored or used in a confined space. (Example: damp activated carbon in a filtration tank will absorb oxygen, thus creating an oxygen deficient atmosphere).
- 2) The activity carried out inside a confined space. (Example: welding work or use of hydrocarbon-based cleaning materials create on explosive or toxic atmosphere).
- 3) A confined space's external environment. (Example: sewer systems, they may be affected by heavier than air gases/vapors, or flash floods.



Introduction

Most Common Violations

- 1. No testing of atmosphere.
- Not classifying area as confined space.
- No rescue provisions to retrieve unconscious employees.
- 4. No mechanical retrieval device for confined spaces greater than 5 feet in depth.





Acceptable Entry Conditions:

The condition that must exist in a confined space to allow entry and ensure that employees involved with a confined space entry can safely enter and work within the space.

Attendant/Observer:

An employee stationed outside one or more confined spaces who monitors the authorized entrants and who performs all attendant's duties as designated by their employer.

Designated for Continuous Human Occupancy:

A space a person can occupy under normal conditions. The space is designated for employees to enter and work for prolonged periods of time without any additional safety and health considerations.

Double Block and Bleed:

The closure of a pipe, line or air duct by closing and tagging two in-line valves and by opening and tagging a drain or vent which is open to the atmosphere between the two tagged-closed valves.

Entrant:

An employee authorized to enter a confined space. May enter as an attendant if this approved by the permit.

Entry:

The act by which an employee an employee intentionally passes through an opening into a confined space.



Entry Permit:

A written document established by an employer that authorizes employees to enter the permit confined space.

Entry Supervisor:

The person responsible for determining if acceptable entry conditions are present at a permit space where entry is planned, authorizing entry, overseeing entry operations, and terminating entry as required

Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health (IDLH):

Any condition which poses an immediate threat or loss of life, may result in irreversible or immediate health effects, may result in eye damage, irritation, or other conditions which could impair escape from the permit space.



Isolation:

The separation of a permit space from unwanted forms of energy by tag-out, double block & bleed, blanking or blinding and the removal of spool pieces for piping disconnects.

Limited/Restricted Means of Access:

Areas with a configuration that increases the employee risk by slowing egress, evacuation or rescue.

Non-Permit Required Space:

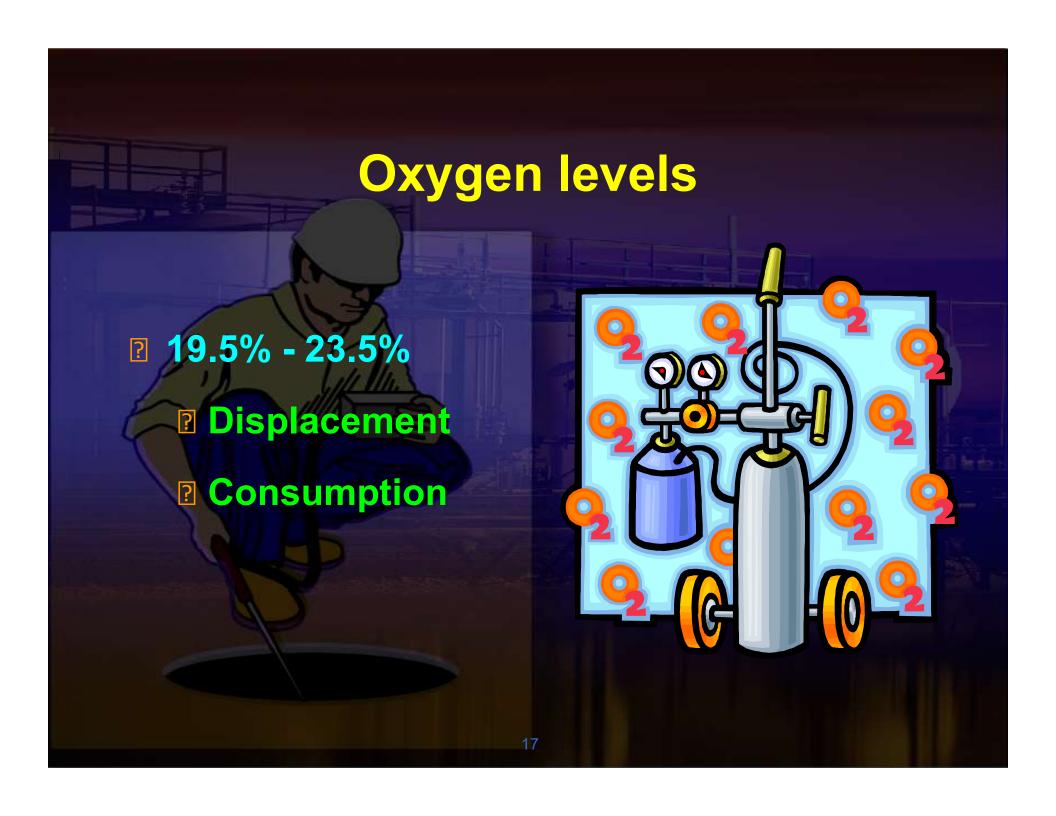
A confined space that does not contain or, with respect to atmospheric hazards, has the potential to contain any hazard capable of causing death or serious physical harm.

Oxygen-Deficient Atmosphere:

An atmosphere containing less than 19.5% oxygen by volume.

Oxygen-Enriched Atmosphere:

An atmosphere containing more than 23.5% oxygen by volume.





Oxygen Deficiency

20.9-16%

16-12%

12-10%

10-6%

< 6%

Nothing abnormal

Loss of peripheral vision, increased breathing volume, accelerated heartbeat, impaired attention and thinking, impaired coordination.

Very faulty judgment, very poor muscular coordination, muscular exertion causes fatigue that may cause permanent heart damage, intermittent respiration.

Nausea, vomiting, inability to perform vigorous movement, or loss of all movement, unconsciousness, followed by death.

Spas-matic breathing, convulsive movements, death in minutes

- Permit Space:
 - Contains or has the potential to contain a Hazardous Atmosphere.
 - Contains material that has the potential for engulfing an entrant.
 - Has an internal configuration such that an entrant could be trapped or asphyxiated by inwardly converging walls or by a floor which slopes downward and tapers to a smaller cross-section.
 - Any other recognized safety or health hazard.

Re-Classified Confined Space:

A confined space that does not contain or, with respect to atmospheric hazards, has the potential to contain any hazard capable of causing death or serious physical harm.

Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

The airborne concentration of a material to which nearly all workers can be exposed day after day without adverse effects

Time-Weighted Average (TWA):

The allowable concentration for a normal 8-hour workday of a 40-hour week.



The employer must inform exposed employees to the existence, location, and the danger posed by confined spaces.

Appropriate danger signs should be posted to help make employees aware of confined spaces in their workplace.



If employees enter permit required confined spaces, the employers must develop and implement a written permit program for entry.

The OSHA standard requires the employer's program to....



identify and evaluate permit space hazards before allowing employee entry,

test condition in the permit space before entry operations and monitor the space during entry,

perform, in the following sequence, appropriate testing for atmospheric hazards: oxygen; combustible gases or vapors, and toxic gases or vapors,

implement necessary measures to prevent unauthorized entry.

The OSHA standard requires the employer's program to....

establish and implement the means, procedures and practices to eliminate or control hazards necessary for safe permit-space entry operations,

identify employee job duties,

provide, maintain, and require the use of PPE and any other equipment necessary for safe entry,

ensure that at least one attendant is stationed outside the permit space for the duration of entry operations.

The OSHA standard requires the employer's program to....

coordinate entry operations when employees of more that one employer are to be working in the permit space,

implement appropriate procedures for summoning rescue and emergency services,

establish, in writing, and implement a system for the preparation, issuance, use, and cancellation of permits,

review established entry operations, and annually revise the permit space entry program.

The Permit System

A permit, signed by the entry supervisor and verified that pre-entry preparations have been completed and the space is safe to enter, must be posted at entrances or otherwise made available to entrants before they enter a permit space.



The duration of entry must not exceed the time required to complete the assignment.

The Permit System

The entry supervisor must terminate entry and cancel permits when an assignment has been completed or when new conditions exist.



New conditions must be noted on the canceled permit and used in revising the permit space program.

General Entry Requirements Entry permits must include... air test results. air tester's/monitor's initials or signature name and signature of supervisor who authorizes entry name of permit space to be entered in, authorized entrant(s), eligible attendants, and individual(s) authorized to be entry supervisor(s).

Entry permits must include...

name and telephone numbers of rescue and emergency services,

date and authorized duration of entry,

purpose of entry and known space hazards,

measures to isolate permit spaces and to eliminate or control Space hazards.

General Entry Requirements Entry permits must include... acceptable entry conditions, communication procedures and equipment to maintain contact during entry, additional permit(s), such as hot works, that have been issued to authorized work in the permit space, special equipment and procedures.



ARGUS GROU	P • 15075 E. Eleven I	Mile Rd. • P.O. Box 689	Roseville, MI 480	66 • (800) 873-0456	
	RED CONFINED SPACE ENTI			OUS ENTRY	
		_ HOURS OR UNTIL FOL	LOWING JOB IS COM	PLETE.	
Site Location and Description	n:				
Unit Supervisor:					
Name(s) of Authorized Entra	int(s):				
* Boldface ty	pe denotes minimum requir	rements to be considered, co r N/A in the items that do not	mpleted and reviewed <u>pri</u>	or to entry *	
REQUIREMENTS COMP		TIME REQUIREM		DATE TIME	
Lock Out/De-Energize/Try	-out	Line(s) Broken-	Line(s) Broken-Capped-Blanked		
Full Body Harness with Life			Purge-Flush and Vent		
Emergency Escape Retriev	al Equip.	Fire Extinguishe	Fire Extinguishers		
Ventilation		Lighting (Explo	Lighting (Explosive Proof)		
Secure Area (Post and Flag		Protective Cloth	Protective Clothing		
Breathing Apparatus (SCB	(A)	Resuscitator - In	Resuscitator - Inhalator		
Respirator: APR Airl	ine DSAR-EB	Burning and We	Burning and Welding Permit		
Breather Box			X CALIBRATION DATE:		
		ING - RECORD RESULTS			
CONTINUOUS MONITORING RESULTS	PERMISSIBLE S ENTRY LEVELS 1	Pre-Entry Results (IME:	Continuous Moni	foring Results	
Percent of Oxygen	19.5% to 23.5%				
Lower Flammable Limit	Under 10%	-			
	35 PPM				
Carbon Monoxide					
Carbon Monoxide Formaldehyde	*0.75 PPM *2 PPM	-			
	⁶ 25 PPM				
Formaldehyde	^b 25 PPM ^a 10 PPM ^b 15 PPM				
Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers	⁶ 25 PPM				
Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers Hydregen Sulfide	*10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM				
Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers Hydrogen Sulfide Acetone Other: Other:	*10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM				
Formaldehyde Glycol Eihers Hydrogen Sulfide Acetone Other:	*10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM	^b Employee can work in this	area up to 15 minutes at this conce	nization.	
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Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers Hydrogen Sulfide Acetone Other: * Employee can work in the area for Communication Procedure: Rescue or Retrieval Procedure:	*10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM		area up to 15 minutes at this conce		
Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers Hydrogen Sulfide Acetone Other: * Employee can work in the area for Communication Procedure: Rescue or Retrieval Procedure:	*10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM			nization. SERIAL &/OR UNIT NO	
Formaldehyde Glycol Ethers Hydrogen Sulfide Acetone Other: * Employee can work in the area for Communication Procedure: Rescue or Retrieval Procedure:	*25 PPM *10 PPM *15 PPM *750 PPM *1000 PPM *7 8 hours at this concertration.		MODEL &/OR TYPE		

Document1

ENTRY SUPERVISOR NAME (Primed)

ALL ABOVE CONDITIONS SATISFIED ENTRY SUPERVISOR SIGNATURE: ___

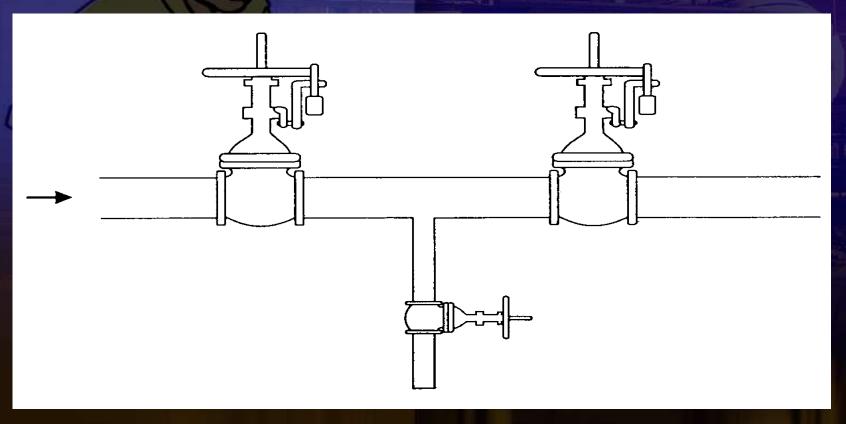
Energy Isolation

- 1) Identify and isolate all energy sources and need/discharge lines to the confined space (hazardous inflows).
- 2) Identify and isolate all sources of energy that potentially present a hazard to entrants in a confined space (lock-out/tag-out of electrical equipment).

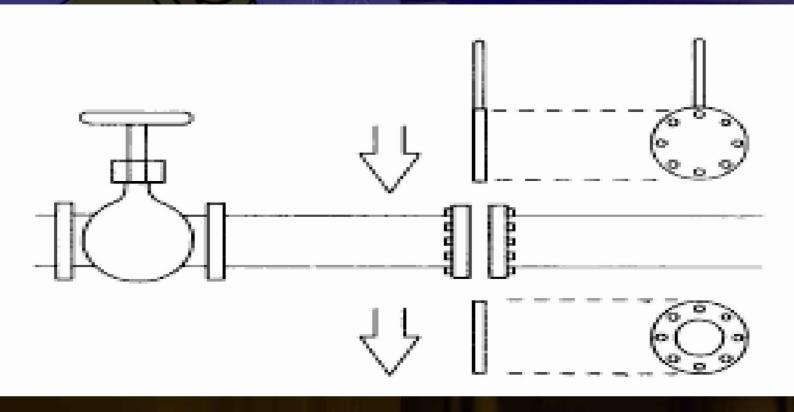


3). Disconnect, bind, or double block and bleed lines that feed or discharge into the confined space.

Energy Isolation Double Block and Bleed



Energy Isolation Blind / Blanking



General Entry Requirements Energy Isolation Remove Pipe Section

Lockout and Tagging Requirements (1926.417)

Controls that are to be deactivated during the course of work on energized or de-energized equipment or circulation be locked and tagged.



Equipment or circuits that are de-energized shall be rendered inoperative and shall have locks and tags attached at all points where such equipment or circuits can be energized.

Locks and tags be placed to identify plainly the equipment or circuits being used.

General Entry Requirements

Lockout and Tagging Requirements (1910.147)

LO/TO program requirements:

■ documented control procedures for isolating machines or equipment from energy sources.

■affixing appropriate locks/tags to energy-isolation devices to prevent unexpected energization, start-up, or release of stored energy.

⊠train all employees involved.

⊠conduct periodic inspections of the procedures to maintain or improve their effectiveness.

General Entry Requirements

Atmospheric Testing Procedures

- Evaluation testing:
 - To identify and evaluate any hazardous atmospheres that may exist or arise
- Verification testing:
 - The atmosphere of a permit space which may contain a hazardous atmosphere should be tested for residues of all contaminants identified by evaluation testing using permit specified equipment to determine that residual concentrations at the time of testing and entry are within the range of acceptable entry conditions.

General Entry Requirements

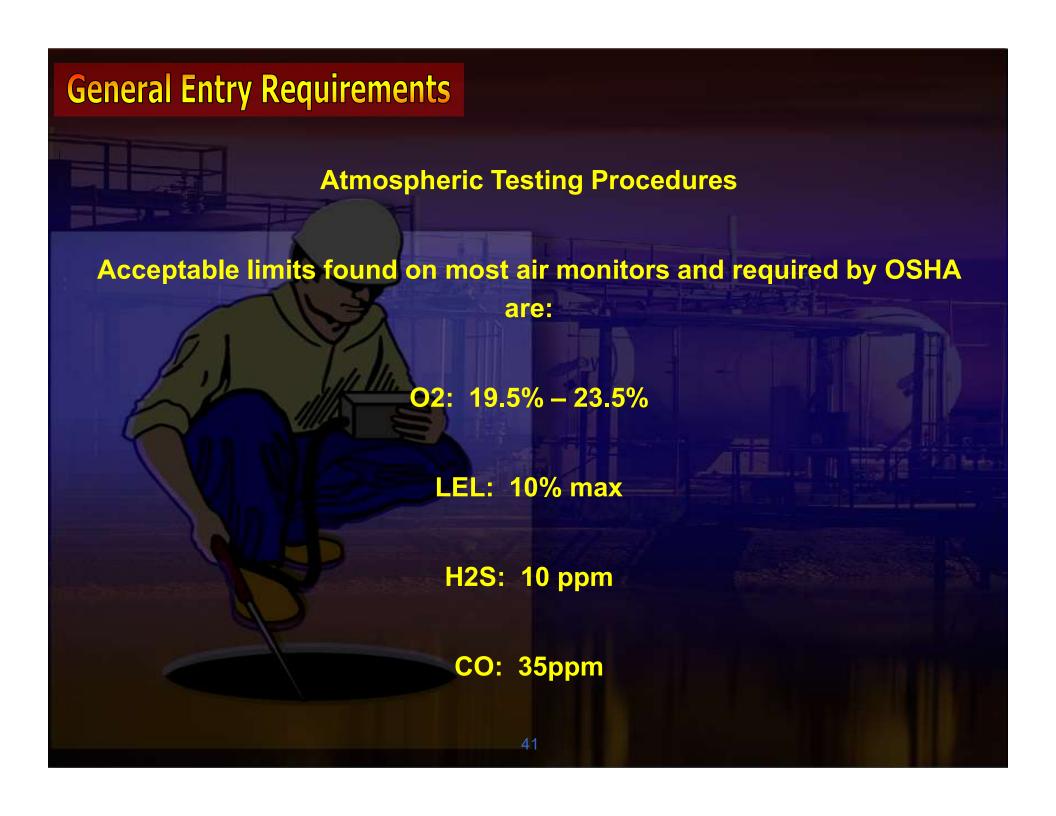
Atmospheric Testing Procedures

- Duration of testing:
 - Measurement of values for each atmospheric parameter should be made for at least the minimum response time of the test instrument specified by the manufacturer.
- Testing stratified atmospheres.
 - When monitoring for entries involving a descent into atmospheres that may be stratified, the atmospheric envelope should be tested a distance of approximately 4 feet (1.22 m) in the direction of travel and to each side. If a sampling probe is used, the entrant's rate of progress should be slowed to accommodate the sampling speed and detector response.

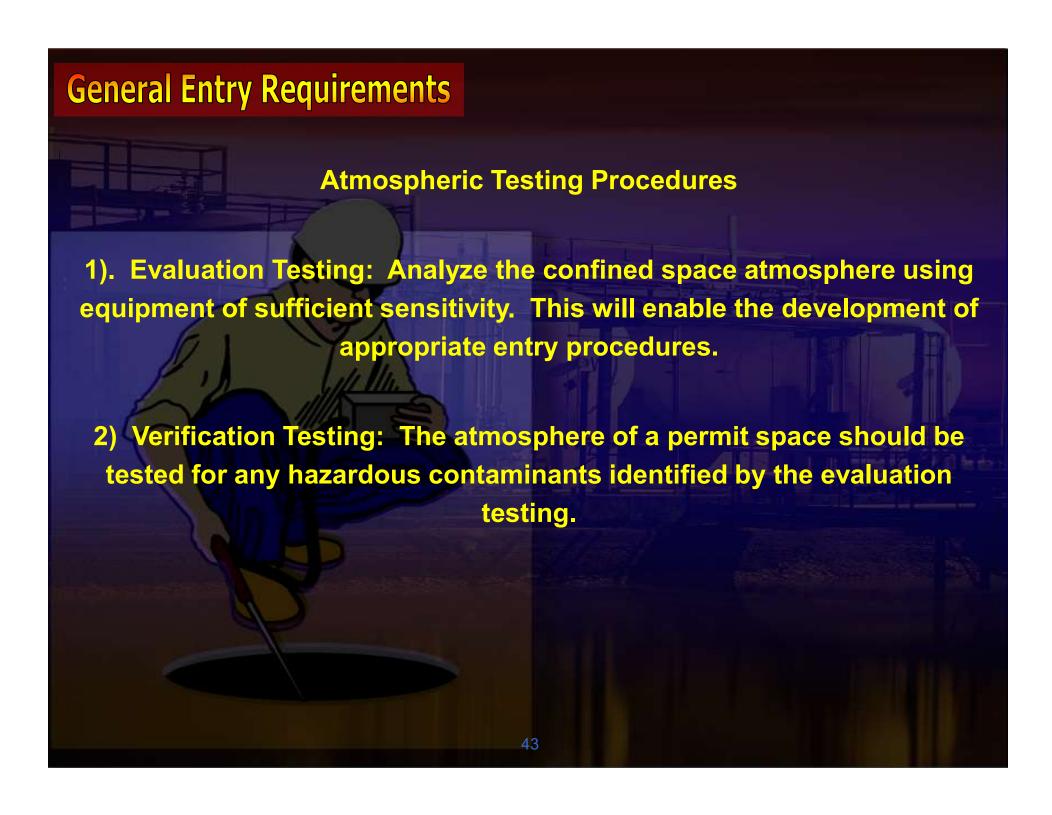


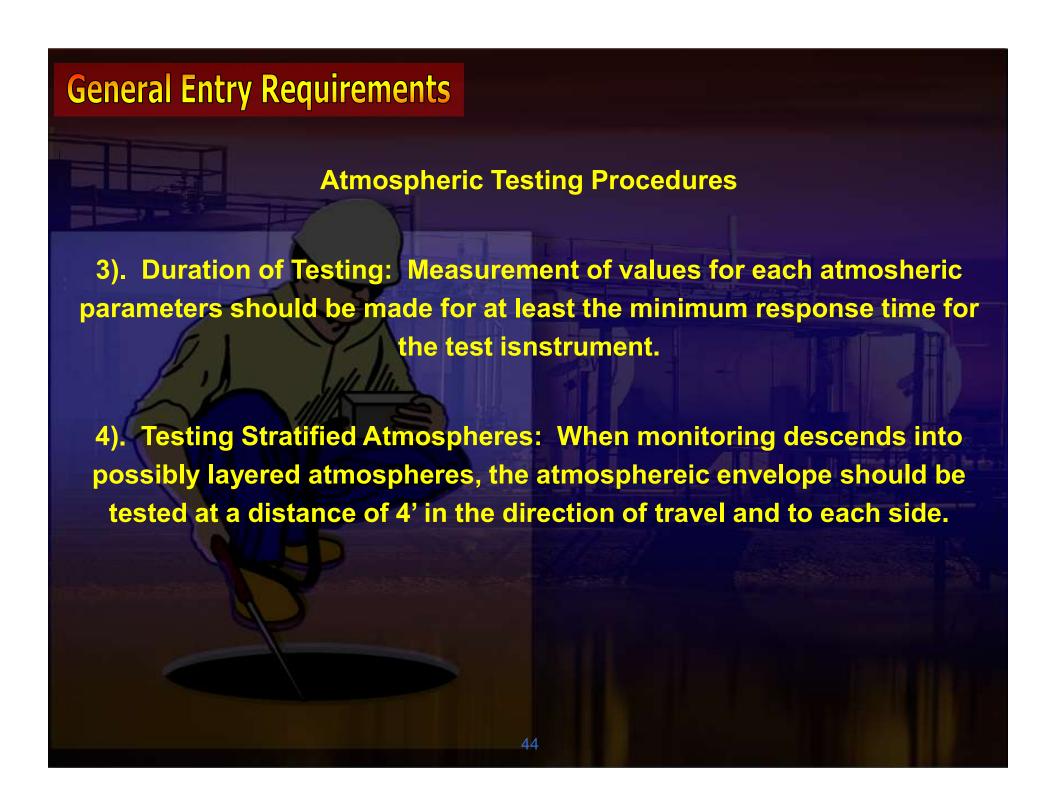
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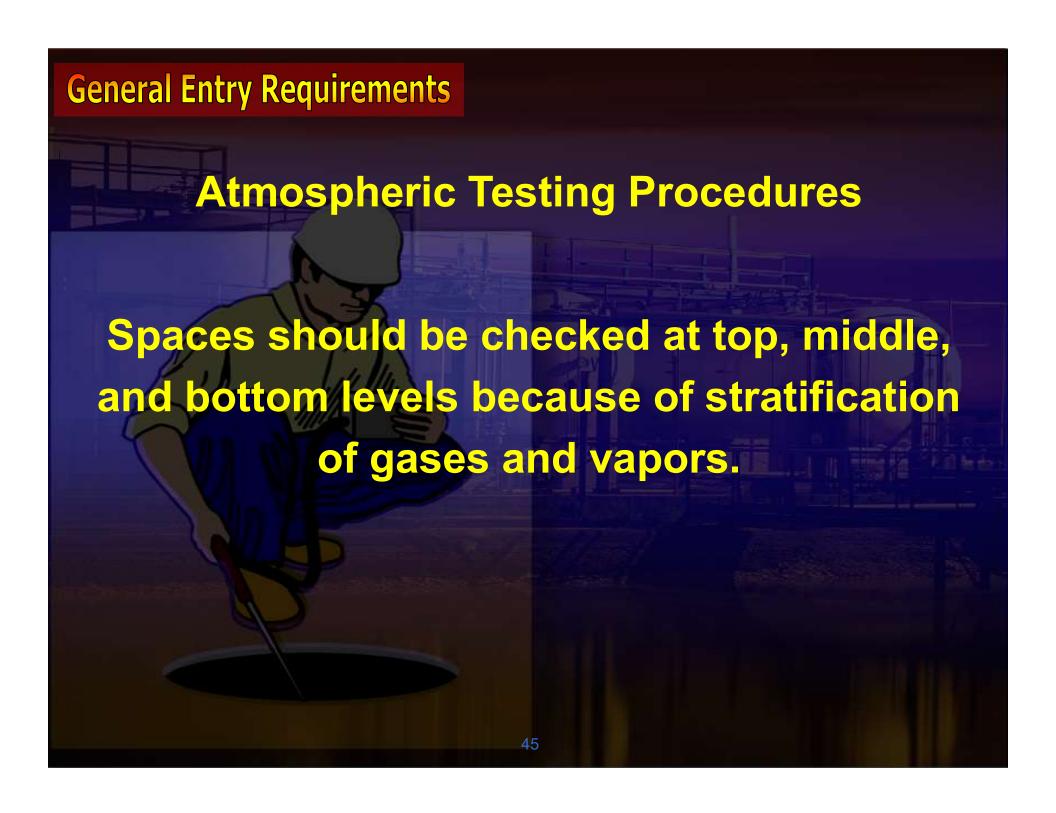
- Order of testing:
 - A test for oxygen is performed first because most combustible gas meters are oxygen dependent and will not provide reliable readings in an oxygen deficient atmosphere. Combustible gases are tested for next because the threat of fire or explosion is both more immediate and more life threatening, in most cases, than exposure to toxic gases and vapors. If tests for toxic gases and vapors are necessary, they are performed last.

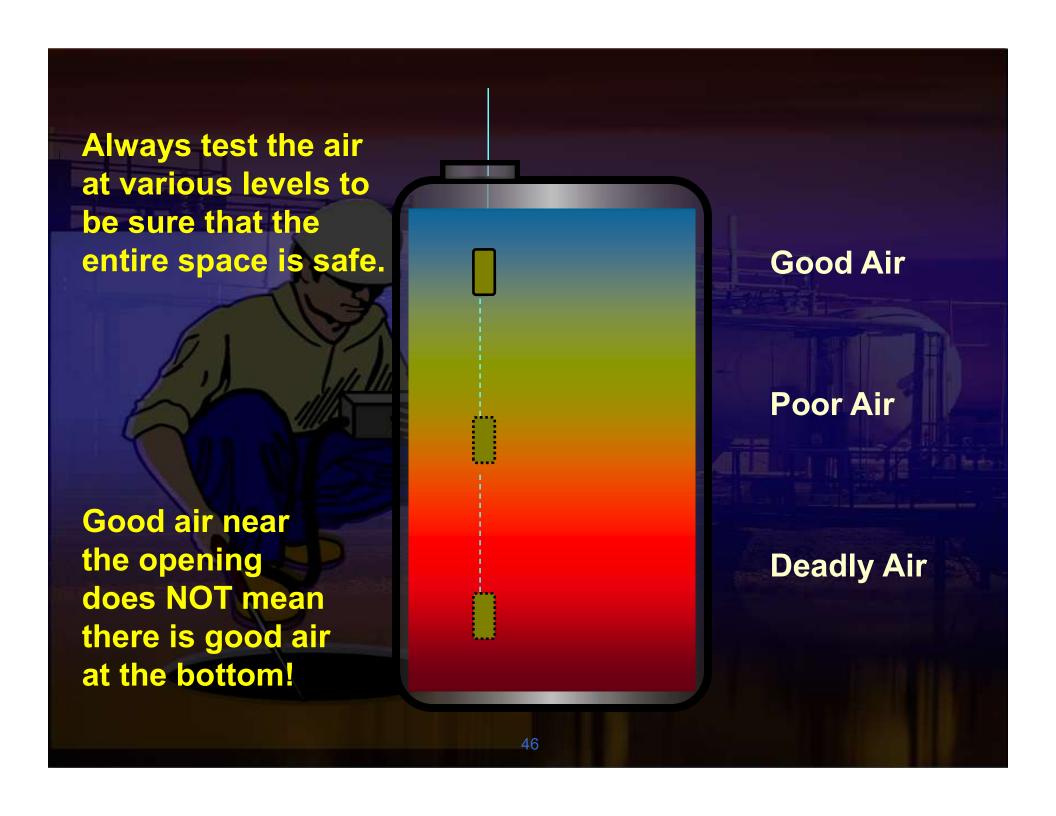




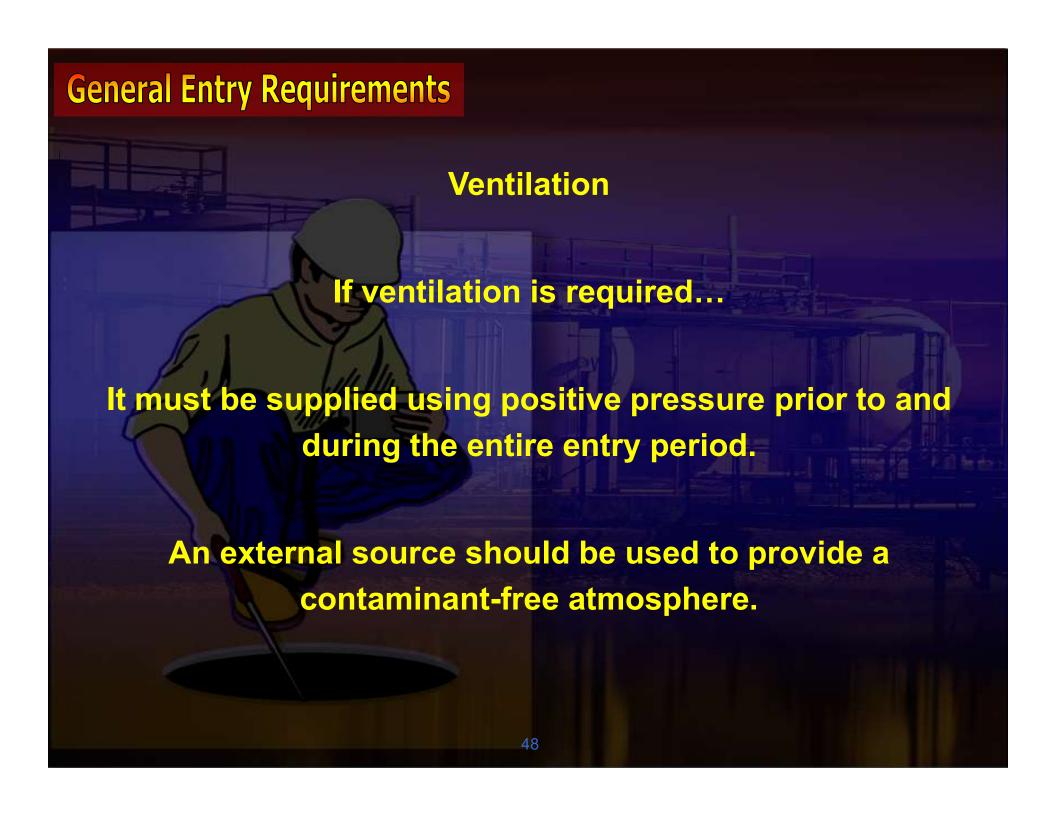


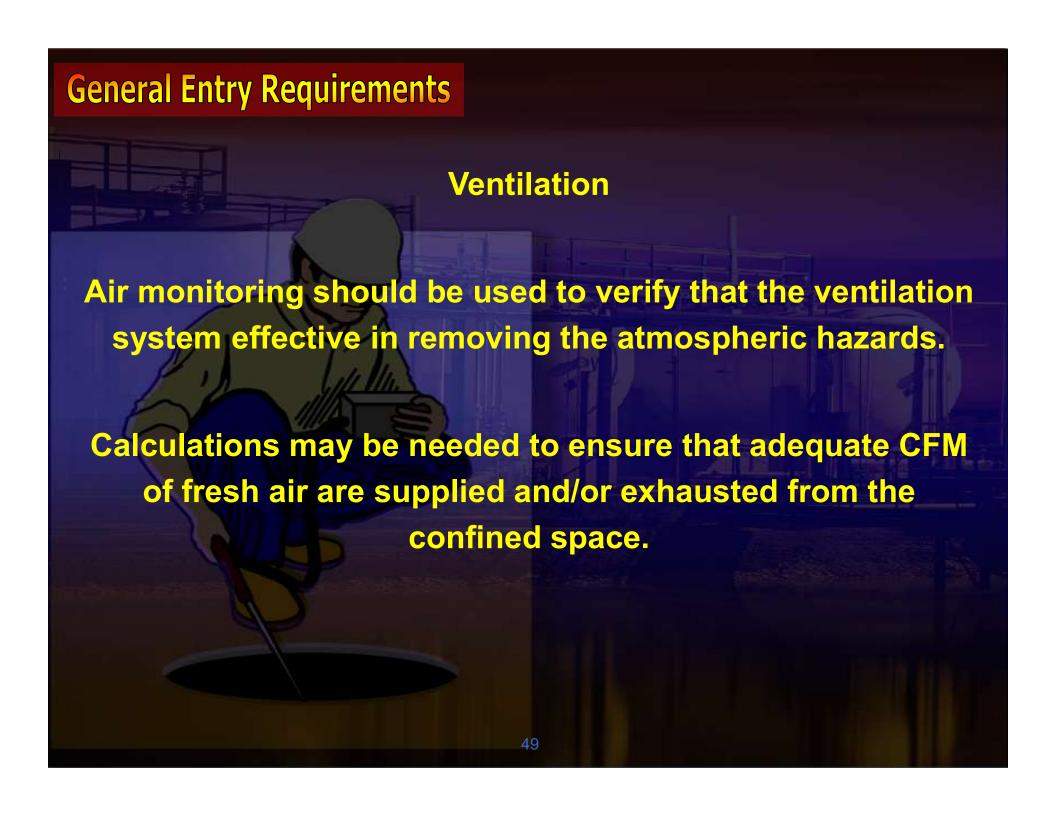




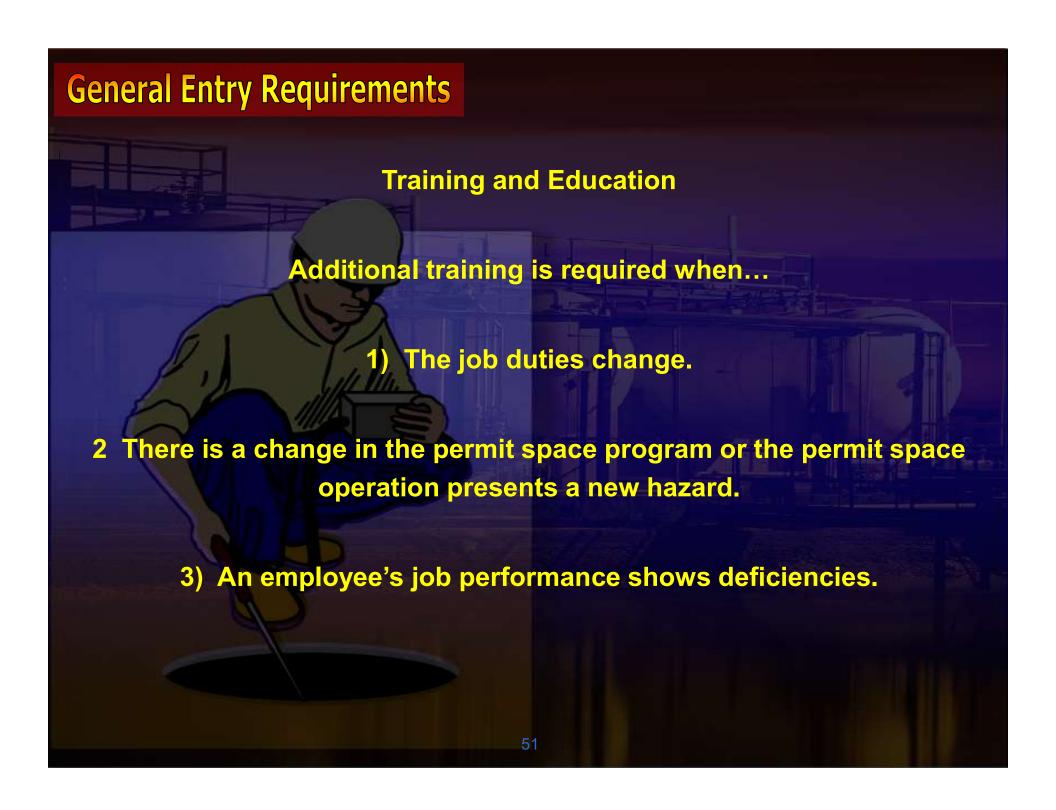




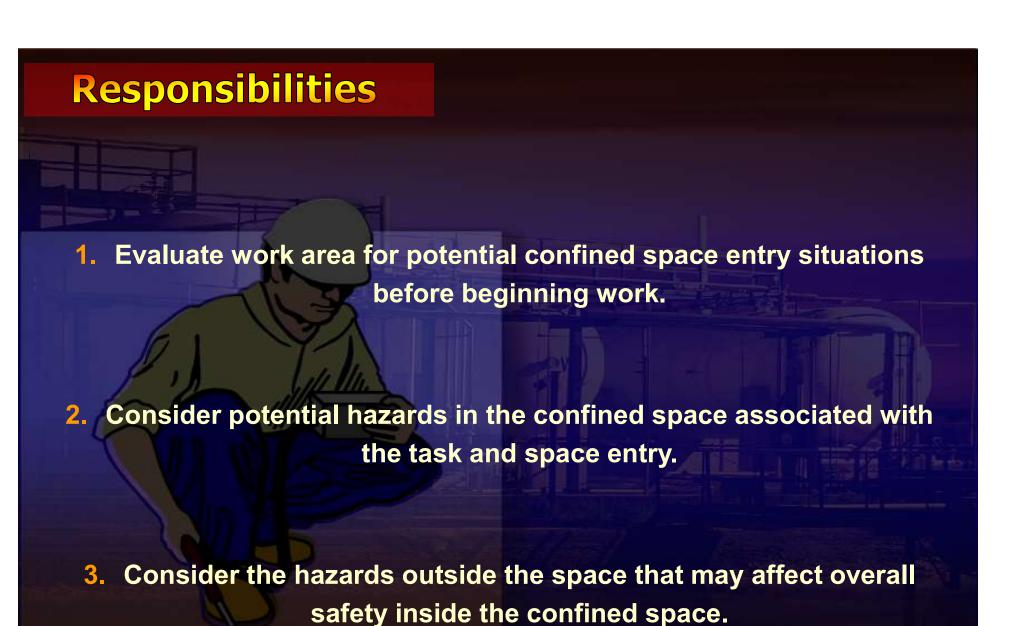


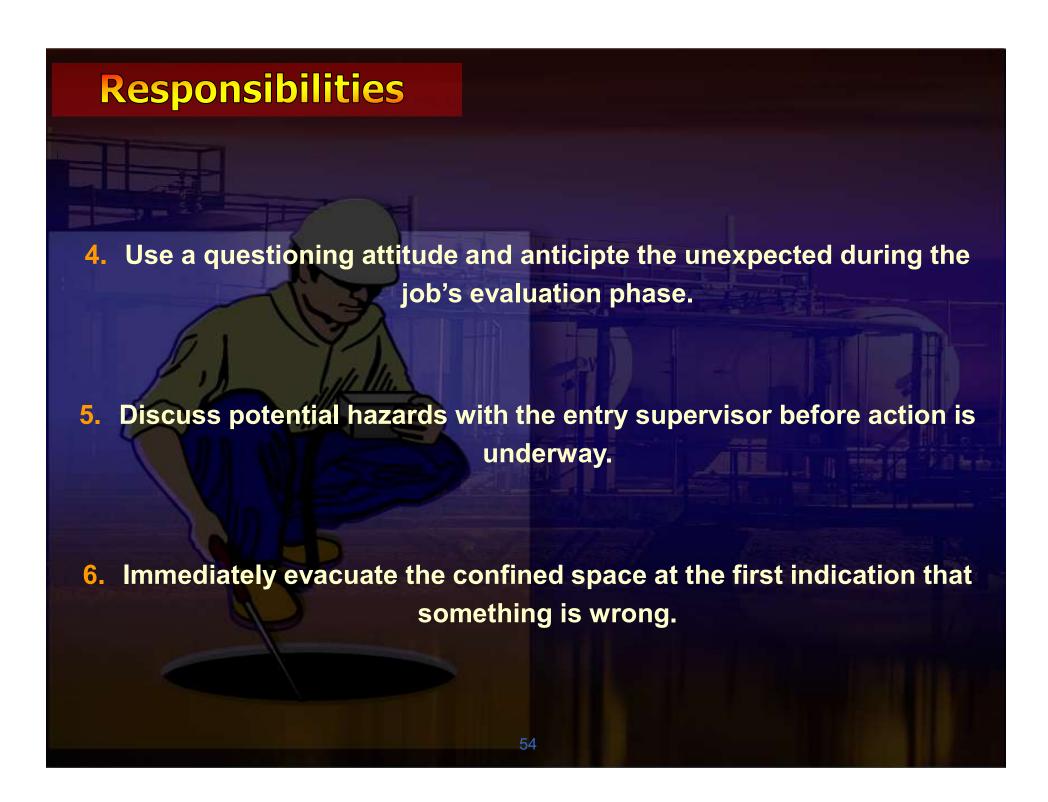


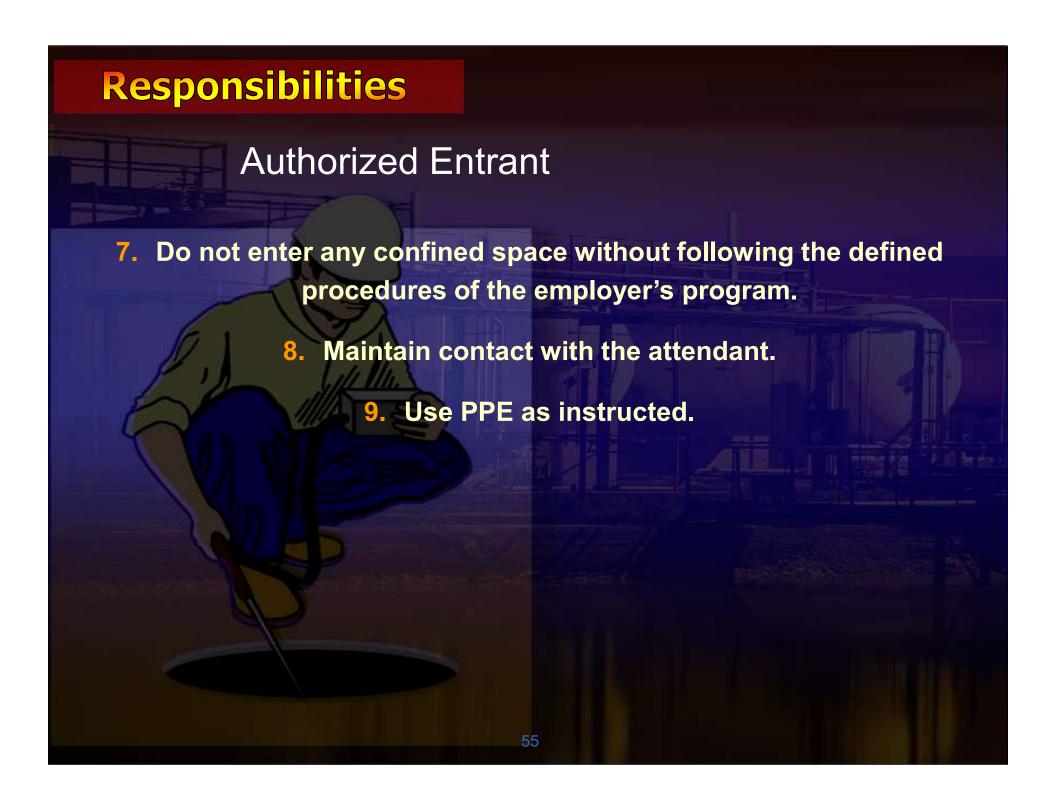


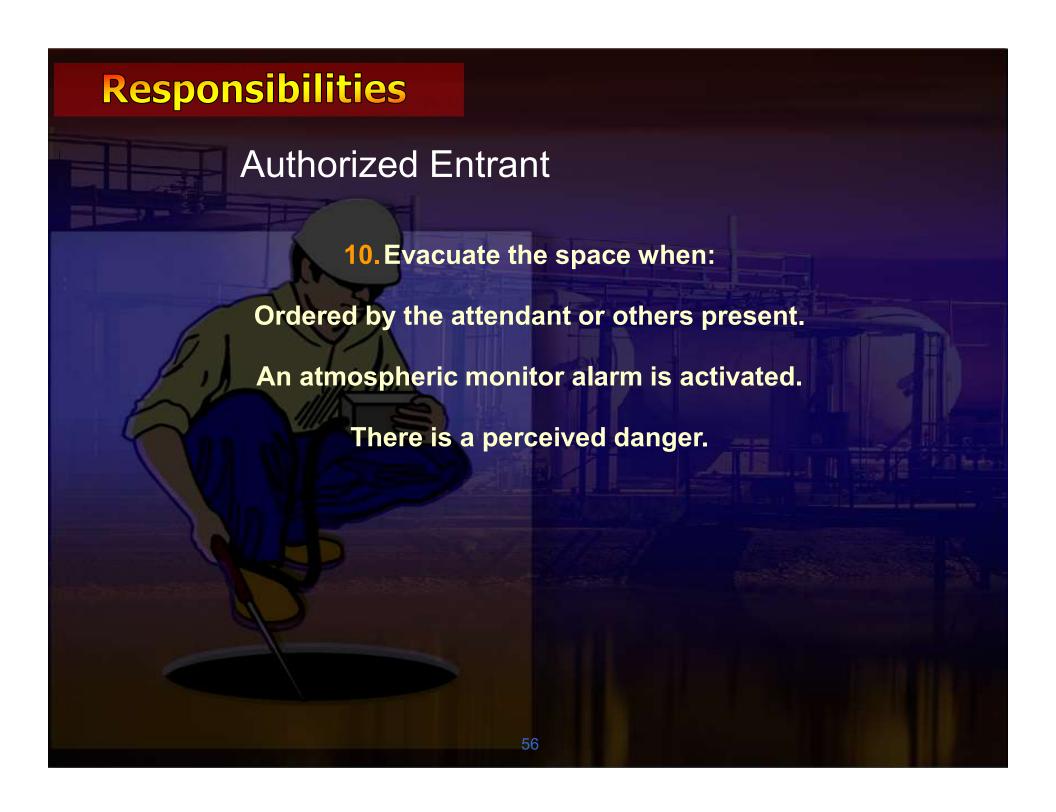




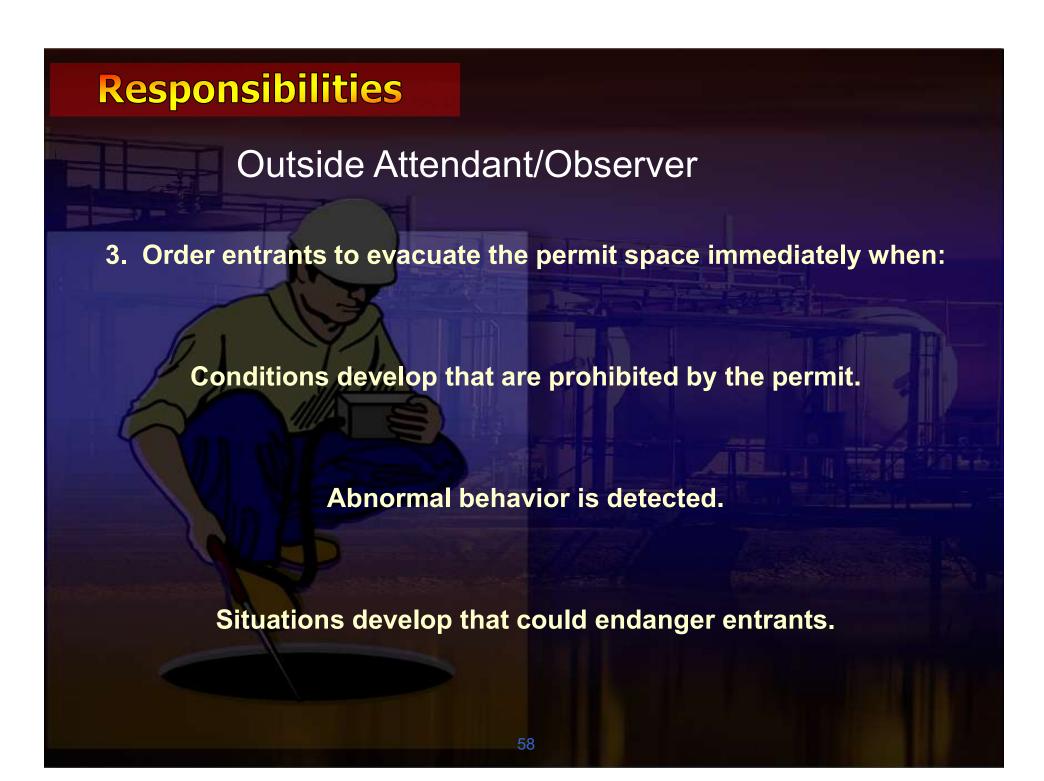


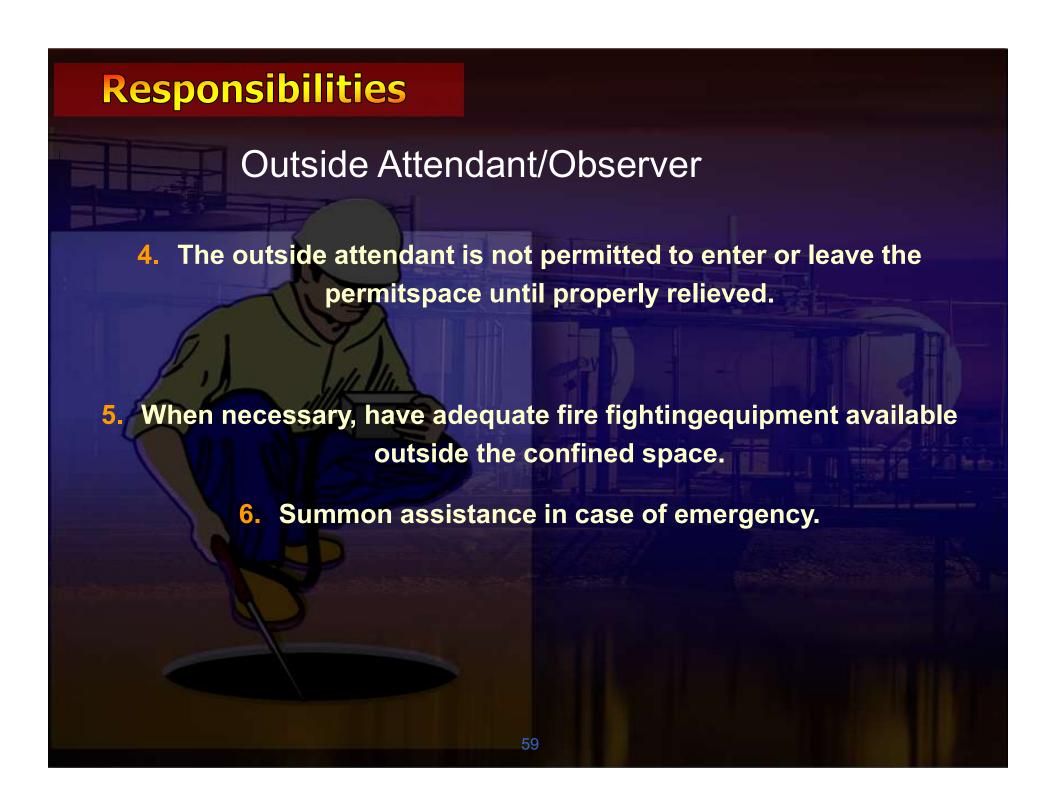


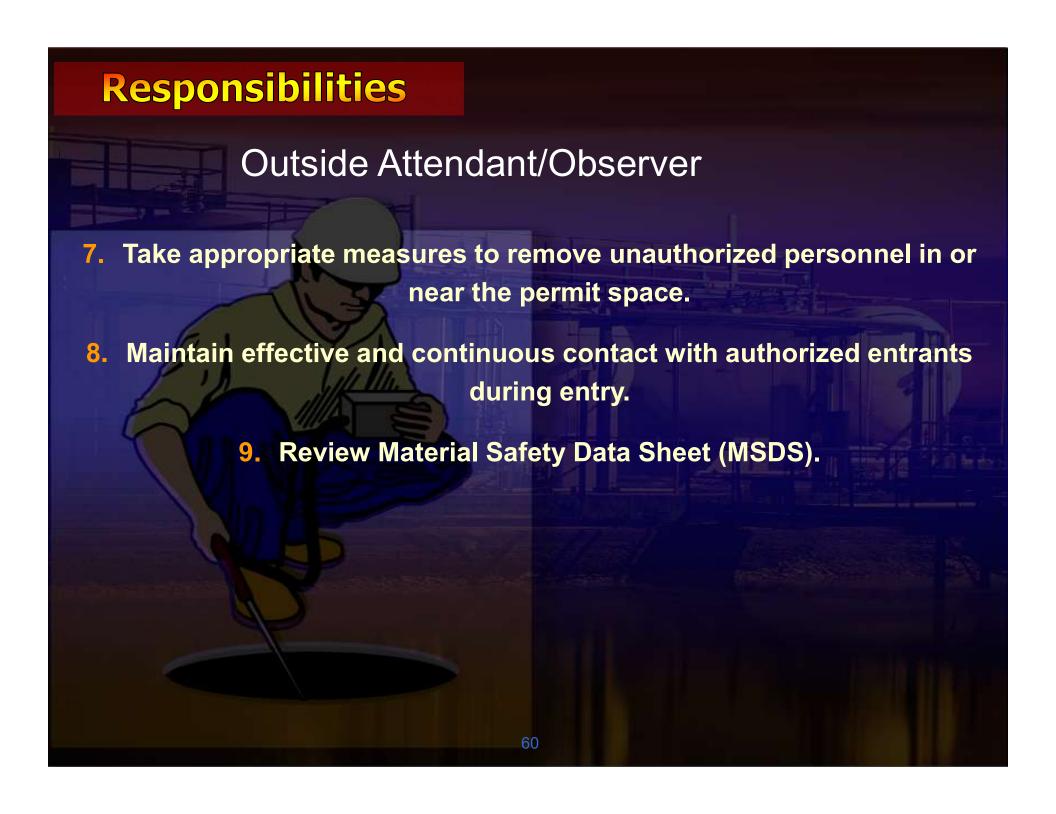


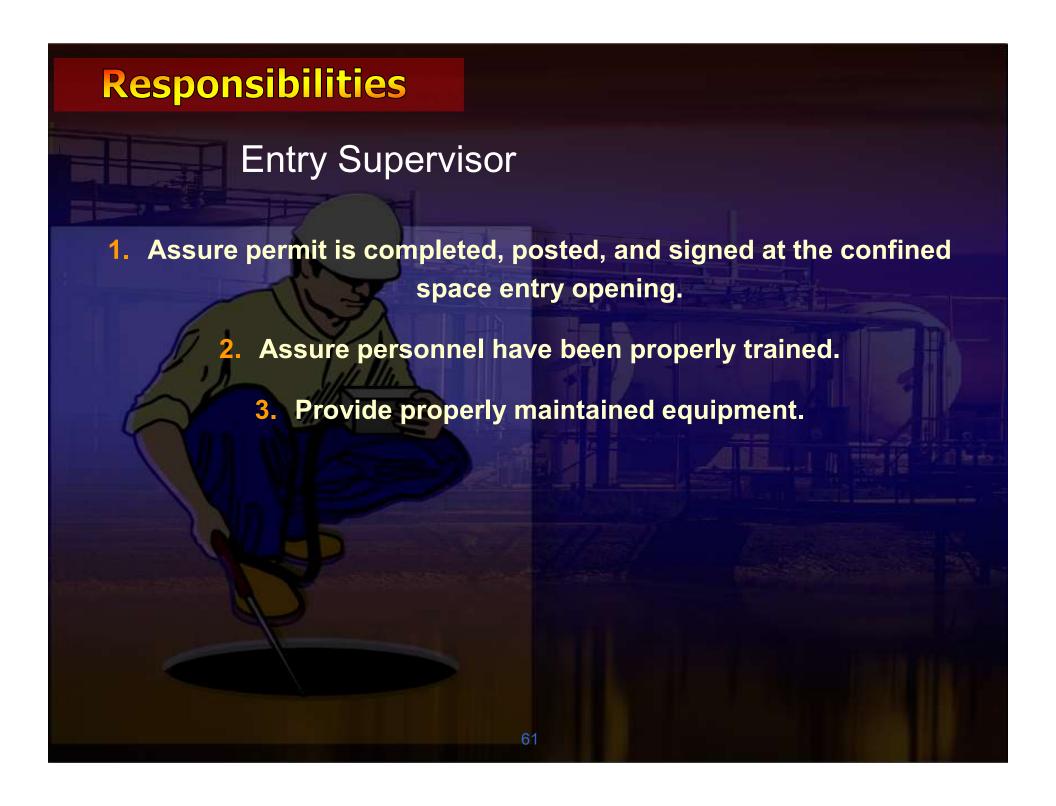


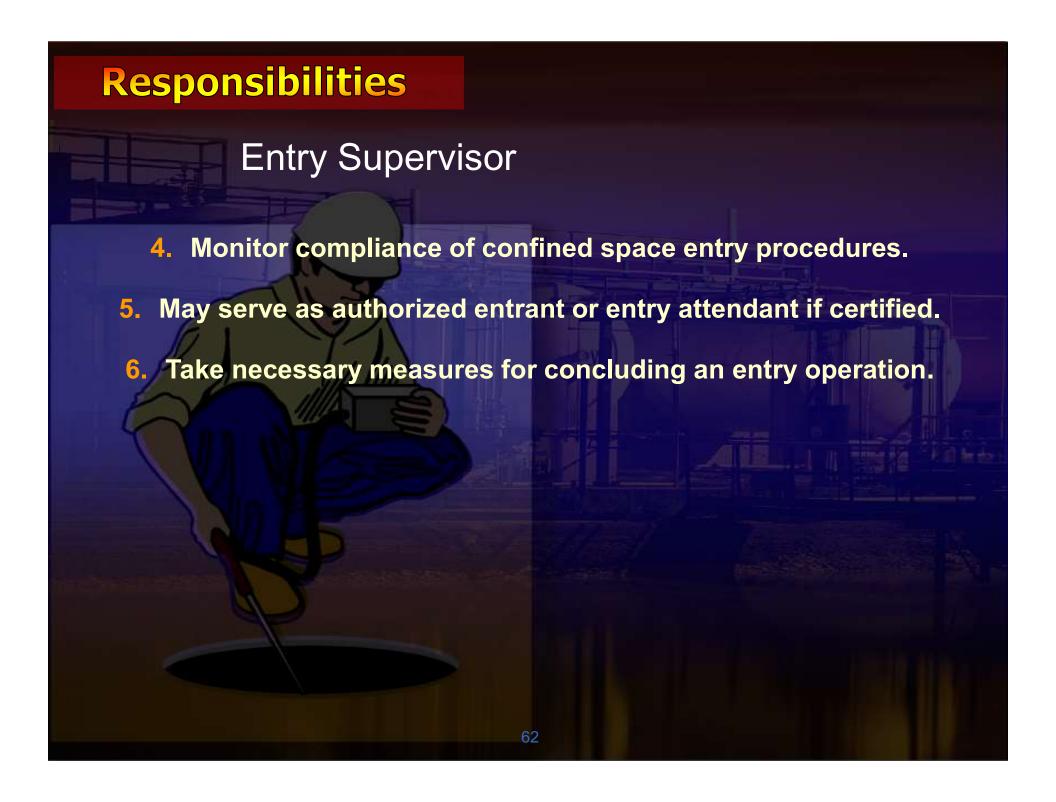




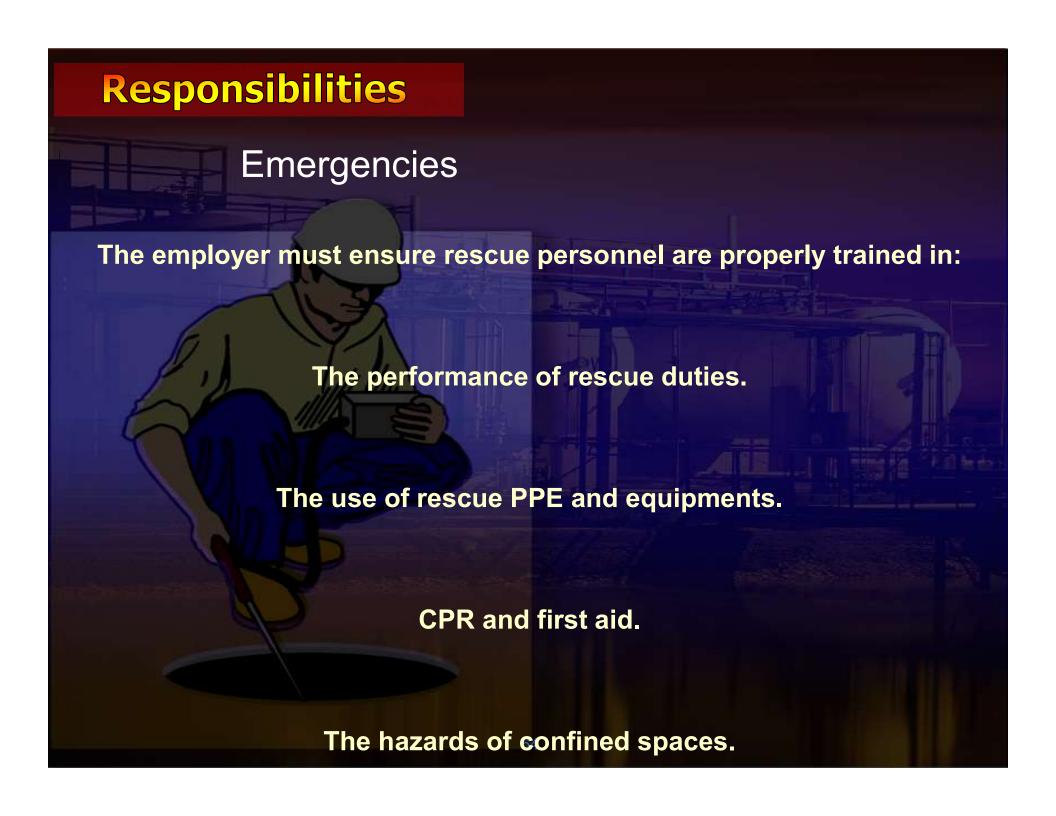












Responsibilities

Emergencies

Authorized entrants, where appropriate, must wear a safety harness with retrieval line.

The other end of the retrieval line is attached to a mechanical device or fixed point outside the permit space.

A mechanical device must be available to retrieve personnel from vertical type permit spaces more than 5 deep.

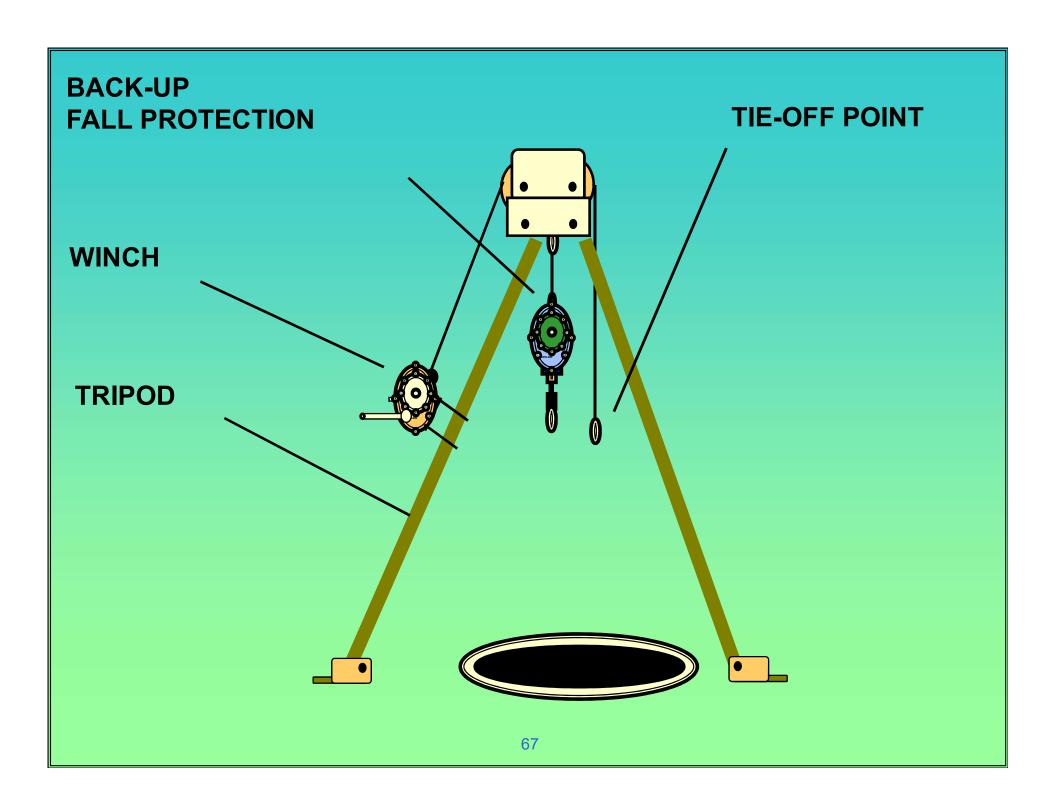
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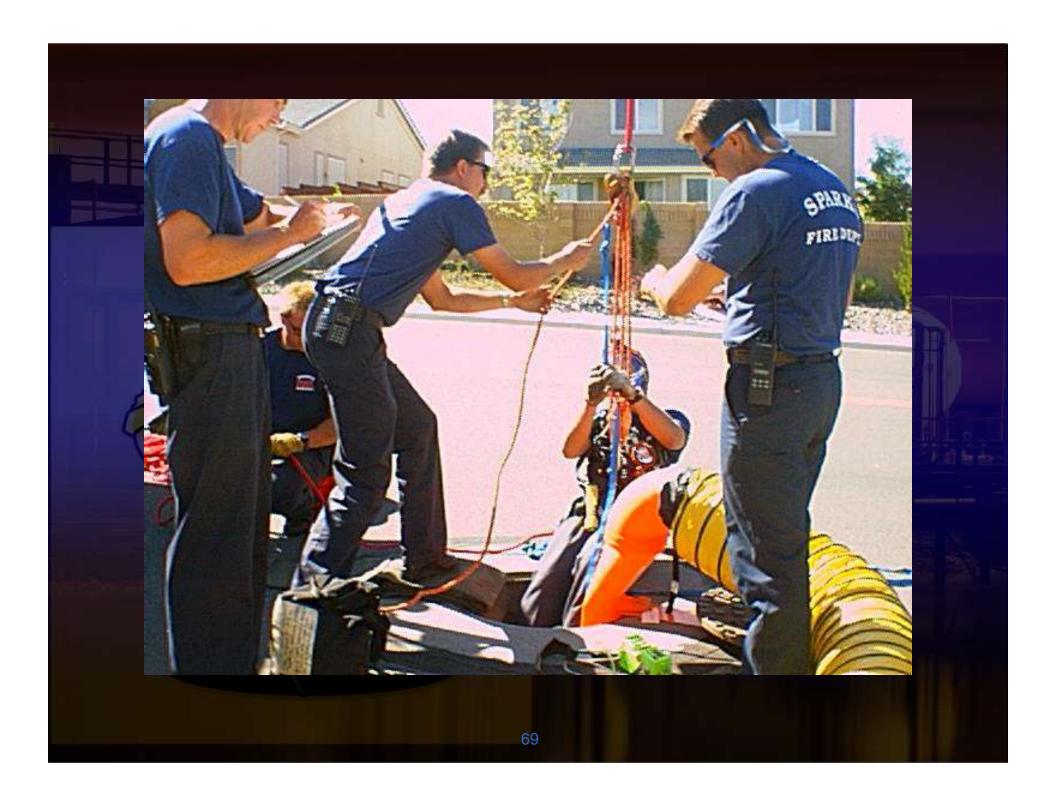
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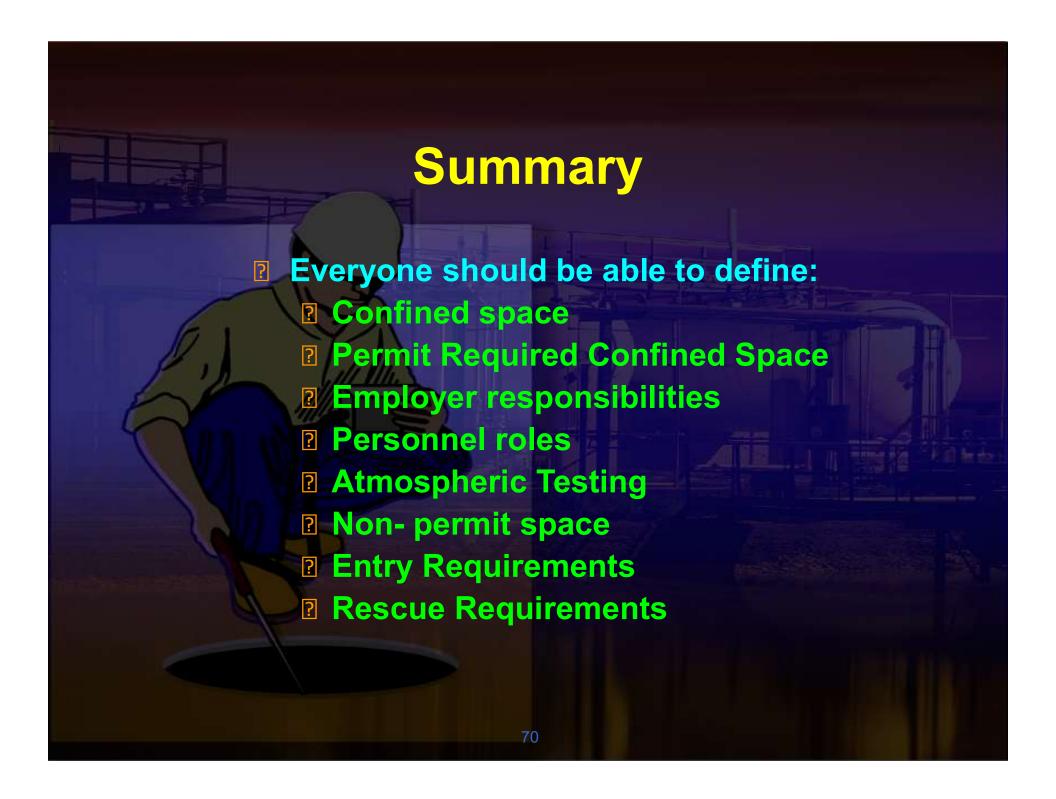


Rescue and Emergency Services

- Employer Responsibilities
 - Pacilitate non-entry rescue: if it does not create a hazard
 - Entrants will wear full body harness
 - Wristlets may be worn
 - Retrieval line properly attached
 - Required for vertical permit spaces > 5ft. deep







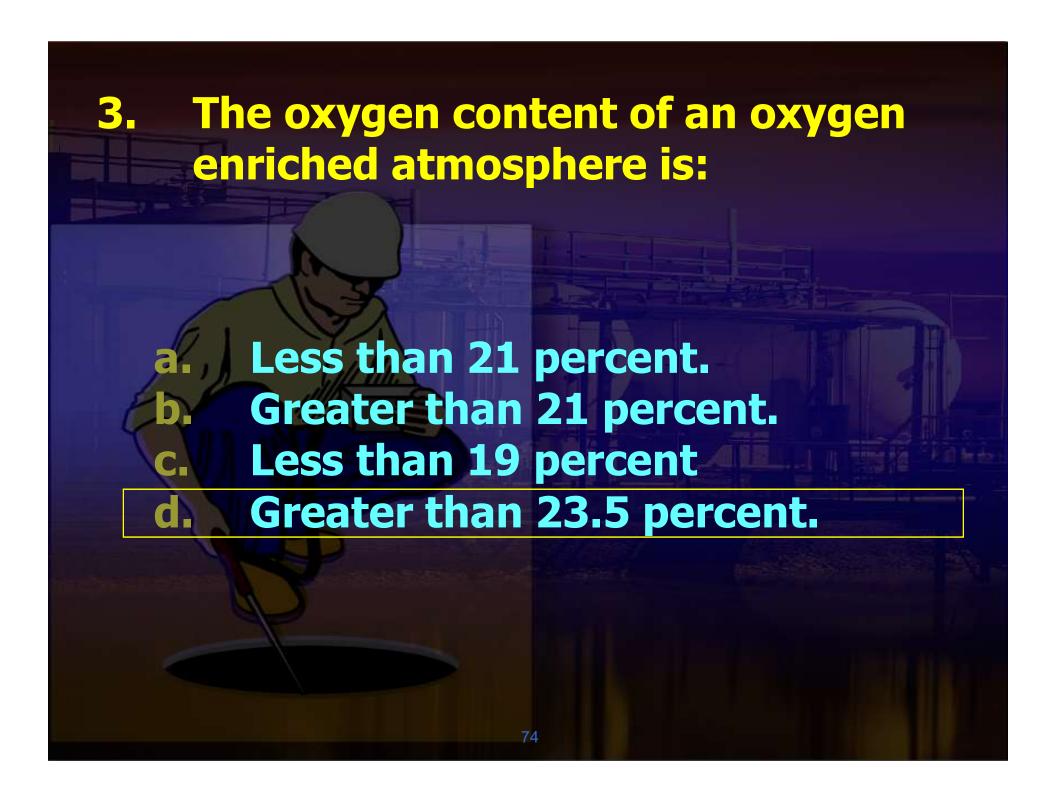


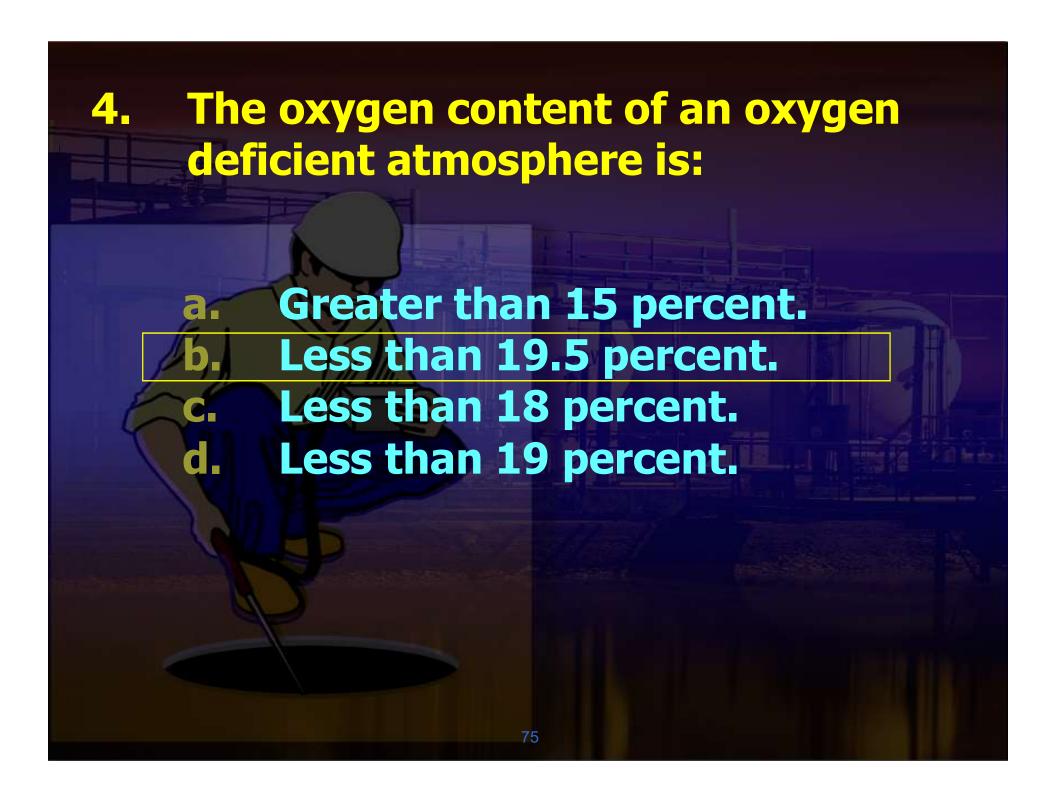
1. A confined space:

- a. Not designed for continuous human occupancy.
- Has restricted entry and exit.
- Is large enough and configured to allow workers to enter and perform required duties.
- d. All of the above

2. An unauthorized worker enters the permit confined space. You, as the entry supervisor, must:

- a. Advise entrants of the unauthorized entry.
- **Add their names to the permit.**
- Remove the individual(s) from the permit space.
- d. Both a and c are correct.

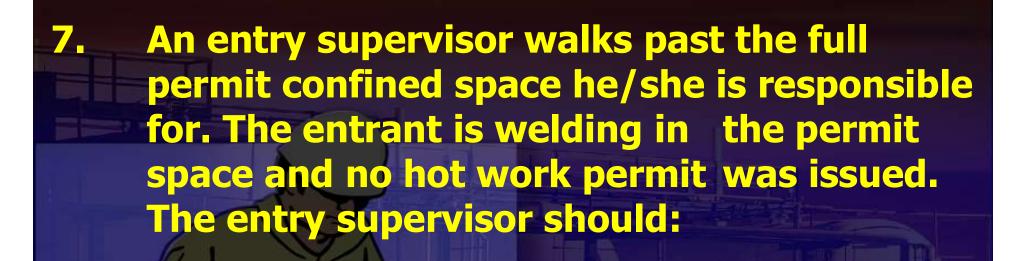




- 5. Monitoring during the entry in the permit-required confined space shows an atmosphere with 5 percent of a flammable gases LEL. The permit allows for less than 10 percent of the LEL. The entry should:
- **Be terminated.**
- Be continued because this is an acceptable condition.
- C. Be further evaluated to determine acceptability of entry & adequacy of PPE.
- d. None of the above.

6. The entry supervisor should do all of the following <u>except</u>:

- a. Verify all equipment is operable and in place.
- Verify the permit is properly filled out.
- Sign entry permit before required testing is completed.
- d. Verify that rescue services are available.



- a. Ignore it.
- **b.** Cancel the permit and order evacuation.
- c. Add the hot work permit.
- d. None of the above.

8. An entrant should evacuate the confined space when:

- change from approved to prohibited conditions.
- **b.** The duration of the permit has expired.
- c. The attendant orders the entrant to evacuate.
- d. All of the above.

- 9. Which of the following is not appropriate retrieval equipment for a non-entry rescue?
- a. Full body harness with retrieval line attached at the center of entrant's back near the shoulders.
- Wristlets attached to retrieval line when full body harness creates a greater hazard
- A body belt with retrieval line when full body harness creates a greater hazard.
- d. Tri-pod and wench utilized for vertical entry.

10. A valid entry permit contains all of the following except:

- a. The names of authorized entrants, attendants, authorizing supervisor and signature of authorizing supervisor.

 The pro-entry recults
- **b.** The pre-entry results.
- The purpose of entry, date and duration of permit, the hazards and the measures to control the hazards, and the PPE to be worn.
- d. The name of the authorizing supervisor but not his signature.